



COMSATS Institute of  
Information Technology

ECI750 Multimedia Data Compression

# Lecture 14

## *Practice Problems 2*

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# Practice Problems 2

- Given an initial dictionary consisting of the letters *a b r y \_*, encode the following message using the LZW algorithm:  
*a\_bar\_array\_by\_barrayar\_bay*

# Practice Problems 2

2. A sequence is encoded using the LZW algorithm and the initial dictionary shown below.

Index	Entry
1	<i>a</i>
2	<i>b</i>
3	<i>h</i>
4	<i>i</i>
5	<i>s</i>
6	<i>t</i>

- a. The output of the LZW encoder is the following sequence:

6	3	4	5	2	3	1	6	2	9	11	16	12	14	4	20	10	8	23	13
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Decode this sequence

- b. Encode the decoded sequence using the same initial dictionary. Does your answer match the sequence given above?

# Practice Problems 2

3. Encode the following sequence using LZ77 algorithm:

*barrayar\_bar\_by\_barrayar\_bay*

Assume you have a window size of 30 with a look-ahead buffer of size 15.

Furthermore, assume that  $C(a) = 1, C(b) = 2, C(_) = 3, C(r) = 4$ , and  $C(y) = 5$ .

# Practice Problems 2

4. A sequence is encoded using the LZ77 algorithm. Given that  $C(a) = 1$ ,  $C(_) = 2$ ,  $C(r) = 3$ , and  $C(t) = 4$ , decode the following sequence of triples:

$<0,0,3>, <0,0,1>, <0,0,4>, <2,8,2>, <3,1,2>. <0,0,3>, <6,4,4>, <9,5,4>$